

## Exam 1

**Problem 1.** Let  $V$  and  $W$  be two finite-dimensional representations of a finite group. Show that  $W \otimes V^*$  contains a copy of the trivial representation if and only if there is an irrep  $S$  of  $G$  that appears as a summand in both  $V$  and  $W$ .

**Problem 2.** Problem 4.5.2 in Etingof's book.

**Problem 3.** Let  $G$  be a finite group and  $V$  a finite-dimensional representation. The complex conjugate representation  $\bar{V}$  is defined as follows:

- As a vector space,  $\bar{V}$  has the same underlying set and addition operation as  $V$ . We denote the element of  $\bar{V}$  that is identical to  $v \in V$  by  $\bar{v}$ , to clarify which ambient vector space we're in.
- The complex scalar action on  $\bar{V}$  is the old one twisted by complex conjugation: if  $c \in \mathbb{C}$  and  $v \in V$ , then

$$c\bar{v} = \overline{cv} \in \bar{V}$$

where the bar on top of  $c$  indicates complex conjugation.

- The  $G$ -action is as before: for  $\bar{v} \in \bar{V}$  we have

$$g\bar{v} = \overline{gv}.$$

Prove that  $\bar{V}$  is isomorphic to the dual representation  $V^*$ .

**Problem 4.** Find the character table of the group  $G$  with generators  $\sigma$  and  $g$  subject to relations

$$\sigma^2 = 1, \quad g^5 = 1, \quad \sigma g \sigma^{-1} = g^{-1}.$$

You can take it for granted that

$$G = \{g^i \sigma^j \mid 0 \leq i \leq 4, 0 \leq j \leq 1\}.$$