RNA Purification from Zooxanthellae using the Epicentre MasterPure Purification Kit

- Determine cell density of culture using a hemocytometer. Transfer approximately 3 X 10⁶ cells to a clean 1.5 mL eppie tube. Pellet cells by centrifugation (approximately 3 min).
- 2) Remove f/2 media and replace with ddH₂O. Vortex and pellet cells again by centrifugation. Remove all but 25 μL of the ddH₂O.
- 3) Vortex for 10 sec to resuspend cell pellet.
- 4) Add 300 µL Tissue and Cell Lysis Solution and baked glass beads to tube.
- 5) Vortex for 15 min to break cells.
- 6) Add 1 μ L of 50 μ g/ μ L Proteinase K to each tube.
- 7) Incubate at 65°C for 30 min; vortex every 5 min.
- 8) Place samples on ice for 3-5 min.
- 9) Add 150 µL MPC Protein Precipitation Reagent to each sample and vortex for 10 sec.
- 10) Pellet debris for 10 min. If pellet is clear, small or loose, add 25 μ L of MPC Protein Precipitation Reagent, mix, and pellet debris again.
- 11) Transfer supernatant into new tube.
- 12) Add 500 μL isopropanol alcohol and invert 30-40X.
- 13) Pellet RNA by centrifugation at 4°C for 10 min.
- 14) Carefully pour off isopropanol without dislodging pellet. Carefully remove all of the isopropanol with pipet.
- 15) Add 200 μ L of DNAse I Solution to each tube. Dilute 5 μ L of DNAse I enzyme into each tube. Make sure pellet is completely dissolved.
- 16) Incubate at 37°C for approximately 60 min.
- 17) Add 200 µL of 2X T & C Lysis Solution; vortex for 5 sec.
- 18) Add 200 μL of MPC Protein Precipitation Reagent; vortex 10 sec; place on ice 3-5 min.
- 19) Pellet debris by centrifuging for 10 min.
- 20) Transfer supernatant into new tube.
- 21) Add 500 µL isopropanol alcohol and invert 30-40X.
- 22) Pellet RNA by centrifugation at 4°C for 10 min.
- 23) Carefully pour off isopropanol without dislodging pellet.
- 24) Rinse twice with 75% EtOH, being careful not to dislodge pellet. If pellet becomes dislodged, centrifuge briefly. Remove residual EtOH with pipet.
- 25) Resuspend RNA pellet in 30 µL TE Buffer.
- 26) Quantify by running 5 µL in a 2% TBE agarose gel.