Aims of the course: This is the first half of a two-semester course that provides thorough hands-on experience in collecting, processing, and analyzing linguistic data for the purposes of language documentation and description. The course should benefit not only prospective field workers, but any student of linguistics interested in working with primary data other than their own native speaker intuitions.

Procedure: The students will work as a collective under the instructor’s supervision, with a native speaker of Estonian. The goal is to jointly elaborate, over the course of 30 weeks, a sketch of the language, comprising descriptions of the consultant’s mental grammar and lexicon and a small text corpus. This joint project will be divided into a sequence of phases, each defined by a set of local goals and methods. For each phase (save the first – see below), each student will be assigned a different task. Due to the numbers of students enrolled, not every student will be able to elicit each week; so we may need to form teams. The students will conduct elicitation and analysis sessions with the consultant, which they prepare in consultation with the instructor. All the other students, as well as the instructor, attend these sessions as observers. Afterwards the students process their data. They regularly present their results to in-class discussion and pool data and description in a web archive maintained by the instructor.

Meetings: M 14:00-15:30 and 17:30-19:00 (elicitation sessions); F 14:00-15:30 (students presenting their results; instruction on methods and theoretical issues) 224 Clemens (Michelle Gregory’s/Doug Roland’s lab) Note: different venue in the first few weeks due to remodeling at the lab! M14:00-15:30 in 117 Baldy; M17:30-19:00 and F14:00-15:30 in 603 Baldy.

Instructor: Dr. Jürgen Bohnemeyer – Office 627 Baldy Phone 645-2177 ext. 727 E-mail jb77@buffalo.edu Office hours MF 10:00-10:30 W 13:00-14:00

Assessment: • 50% participation, based on written elicitation plans, carrying out elicitation sessions and processing data, written and oral presentation of results, etc. • participation will be graded at the end of every one of the first four phases of the course • 50% term project during the final phase of the course, resulting in term paper

Reading: Selected chapters of Vaux & Cooper 1991 and Newman & Ratliff 2001 will be handed out in class. All the books listed in the bibliography below are of course on reserve in the Undergrad Library, and the chapters and articles listed can be downloaded from online reserve.

Weekly workflow: Friday 14:00-15:30: instruction on theoretical issues (on ethical, epistemological, or technological aspects of field work, the logistics of planning and organizing a field trip, anthropological and sociological issues, etc.); presentations of elicitation results by the students; planning for the elicitation sessions of the following week. Monday: 6-9 elicitation sessions with the native speaker consultant. Students will prepare the sessions, submit a short written script for critique, carry out the elicitation, and afterwards process the data and write up and present the findings in class. All those who are not eliciting during a session are attentive but
quiet observers. At the conclusion of each slot there will be a post-mortem analysis of the elicitation sessions.

**Syllabus**

### Phase I – Word lists and phonemic analysis – Week 1-4

**Practice:** Wordlists * transcription * rough articulatory sketch of perceived speech sounds * preliminary phonemic analysis * getting started on the lexicon database * ethnography: greetings and farewells

**Technology:** Transcribing in IPA * making audio and video recordings and digitizing them * setting up a Toolbox lexicon database - *download & install Toolbox 1.2; download, unzip, and run Toolbox Training 1.0* *(http://www.sil.org/computing/catalog/show_software.asp?id=79)* *To practice your IPA: [http://www.sil.org/computing/catalog/show_software.asp?id=16](http://www.sil.org/computing/catalog/show_software.asp?id=16)*

**Theory:** What is field work? * getting started: finding field sites and consultants * framing your objectives for consultants and the community * monolingual vs. bilingual field work * types of elicitation and their pitfalls * word lists and how to use them * phonemic analysis * broad vs. narrow transcription * from phonetic to (morpho-)phonemic transcription *


### Phase II – Simple phrases and sentences – Week 5-7

**Practice:** Eliciting simple phrases and sentences on the basis of the word lists * initial assessment of basic clause structure and predication types * first crack at parts of speech and noun/verb inflectional morphology * phonological processes * revising and expanding the record of the phonology and lexicon * ethnography: greetings and farewells

**Theory:** Types of elicitation and their pitfalls * elementary syntactic elicitation * escaping Eurocentrism

Phase III – Recorded discourse – Week 8-9

Practice: Recording and transcribing a short text (folk tale?) * morphological analysis of the text * setting up the lexicon database for automated morpheme parsing * consolidating and expanding the record of the morphosyntax on the basis of the text * more on (morpho-)phonological processes * revising and expanding the record of the phonology and lexicon * ethnography: transactional speech acts

Technology: Transcribing digitized recordings in Transcriber (http://www.ldc.upenn.edu/mirror/Transcriber/) * Importing transcribed text into a Toolbox project * setting up and using the Toolbox morpheme parser

Theory: Working with recorded texts * morphological analysis * working with the morpheme parser * working with questionnaires


Phase IV – Questionnaires – Week 10-12

Practice: Eliciting Dahl’s 1985 Tense-Mood-Aspect questionnaire, mainly to get a better grip at noun and verb inflectional morphology * expanding and revising the record of the grammar, lexicon, and phonology on the basis of the findings * eliciting wellformedness judgments on the syntax of verbal and nominal projections * preliminary assessment of grammatical relations * ethnography: politeness (how to make requests or voice criticism depending on who you are talking to)

Theory: Documentation and description defined * the case for documentation * anatomy of a language documentation * the lexicon in description and documentation * folk definitions

Phase V – Term projects – Week 13-15

Some suggested topics: elicit, transcribe, and analyze further texts; elicit data with some of the Nijmegen stimuli and analyze them (e.g., BowPed; Cut & Break; 25 Demonstrative Scenes); or pick a topic in Estonian grammar or lexicon and work on it eliciting data anyway appropriate!

Theory: planning a field trip * ethical issues

Preview: objectives of the spring semester

- Ethnographic documentation
- Acoustic and articulatory phonetics
- Lexical semantics
- Causal relations and argument structure
- Grammatical relations

References


Jackson, Bruce (1987). *Fieldwork*. Urbana, IL: University of Illinois Press. [Ch. 16: Being Fair online]


