Part 1. Form a single **compound sentence** from each pair of simple sentences. Remember to add a **coordinate conjunction** and a **comma**.

1. He likes to eat Chinese food. He doesn’t know how to cook it.
   
   He likes to eat Chinese food, but he doesn’t know how to cook it.

2. His hair is black. His eyes are black.
   
   His hair is black, and his eyes are black.

Part 2. Write the correct conjunction (**and, but, or, so**) in each blank.

1. He was tired **so** he didn’t go to the party.
2. We could eat at home **or** we could go to a restaurant.

Part 3. Circle the letter of the correct sentence type.

1. This test won’t be too hard or too easy.
   
   a. simple   b. compound   c. complex
2. If I don’t go to sleep now, I won’t wake up in time for school.
   
   a. simple   b. compound   c. complex
3. I went to her house, but she wasn’t there.
   
   a. simple   b. compound   c. complex

Part 1. Circle the letter of the correct subordinate conjunction to complete the sentence.

1. I have worked hard ____________ I came to the EOC.
   
   a. if   b. although   c. since

2. I went to bed ____________ I washed the dishes.
   
   a. after   b. before   c. since

Part 2. Underline the dependent clause. If the dependent clause begins the sentence, add a comma after the clause.

1. **Even though she practiced**, she didn’t pass the driving test.
2. He was very tired because he worked overtime.

Part 3. Write an answer to the question about yourself using a **complex sentence**.

1. Where did you go after you left school yesterday?
   
   After I left school yesterday, I went home.

2. What will you do if you hear a robber in your house?
   
   If I hear a robber in my house, I will call the police.